

1975 AMC 12

Time limit: 75 minutes

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1. The value of

$$\frac{1}{2 - \frac{1}{2 - \frac{1}{2 - \frac{1}{2}}}}$$

is

- ☐ A $\frac{3}{4}$
- ☐ B $\frac{4}{5}$
- ☐ C $\frac{5}{6}$
- ☐ D $\frac{6}{7}$
- ☐ E $\frac{6}{5}$

2. For which real values of m are the simultaneous equations

$$y = mx + 3,$$

$$y = (2m - 1)x + 4$$

satisfied by at least one pair of real numbers (x, y) ?

A all m

B all $m \neq 0$

C all $m \neq \frac{1}{2}$

D all $m \neq 1$

E no values of m

3. Which of the following inequalities are satisfied for all real numbers a, b, c, x, y, z which satisfy $x < a, y < b$, and $z < c$?

I. $xy + yz + zx < ab + bc + ca$

II. $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 < a^2 + b^2 + c^2$

III. $xyz < abc$

A None are satisfied.

B I only

C II only

D III only

E All are satisfied.

4. If the side of one square is the diagonal of a second square, what is the ratio of the area of the first square to the area of the second?

- A 2
- B $\sqrt{2}$
- C $\frac{1}{2}$
- D $2\sqrt{2}$
- E 4

5. The polynomial $(x + y)^9$ is expanded in decreasing powers of x . The second and third terms have equal values when evaluated at $x = p$ and $y = q$, where p and q are positive numbers whose sum is one. What is the value of p ?

- A $\frac{1}{5}$
- B $\frac{4}{5}$
- C $\frac{1}{4}$
- D $\frac{3}{4}$
- E $\frac{8}{9}$

6. The sum of the first eighty positive odd integers subtracted from the sum of the first eighty positive even integers is

- A 0
- B 20
- C 40
- D 60
- E 80

7. For which nonzero real numbers x is $\frac{|x-|x||}{x}$ a positive integer?

- A for negative x only
- B for positive x only
- C only for x an even integer
- D for all nonzero real numbers x
- E for no nonzero real numbers x

8. If the statement “All shirts in this store are on sale.” is false, then which of the following statements must be true?

I. All shirts in this store are at non-sale prices.

II. There is some shirt in this store not on sale.

III. No shirt in this store is on sale.

IV. Not all shirts in this store are on sale.

Note: Originally, statement I read: All shirts in this store are not on sale.

A II only

B IV only

C I and III only

D II and IV only

E I, II and IV only

9. Let $a_1, a_2, \dots$ and $b_1, b_2, \dots$ be arithmetic progressions such that $a_1 = 25, b_1 = 75$, and $a_{100} + b_{100} = 100$. Find the sum of the first one hundred terms of the progression $a_1 + b_1, a_2 + b_2, \dots$.

A 0

B 100

C 10,000

D 505,000

E not enough information given to solve the problem

10. The sum of the digits in base ten of $\left(10^{4n^2+8} + 1\right)^2$, where n is a positive integer, is

A 4

B $4n$

C $2 + 2n$

D $4n^2$

E $n^2 + n + 2$

11. Let P be an interior point of circle K other than the center of K . Form all chords of K which pass through P , and determine their midpoints. The locus of these midpoints is

A a circle with one point deleted

B a circle if the distance from P to the center of K is less than one half the radius of K ; otherwise a circular arc of less than 360°

C a semicircle with one point deleted

D a semicircle

E a circle

12. If $a \neq b$, $a^3 - b^3 = 19x^3$, and $a - b = x$, which of the following conclusions is correct?

A $a = 3x$

B $a = 3x$ or $a = -2x$

C $a = -3x$ or $a = 2x$

D $a = 3x$ or $a = 2x$

E $a = 2x$

13. The equation $x^6 - 3x^5 - 6x^3 - x + 8 = 0$ has

A no real roots

B exactly two distinct negative roots

C exactly one negative root

D no negative roots, but at least one positive root

E none of these

14. If the whatsis is so when the whosis is is and the so and so is is $\cdot$ so, what is the whosis $\cdot$ whatsis when the whosis is so, the so and so is so $\cdot$ so, and the is is two (whatsis, whosis, is and so are variables taking positive values)?

A whosis $\cdot$ is $\cdot$ so

B whosis

C is

D so

E so and so

15. In the sequence of numbers $1, 3, 2, \dots$, each term after the first two is equal to the term preceding it minus the term preceding that. The sum of the first one hundred terms of the sequence is

A 5

B 4

C 2

D 1

E -1

16. If the first term of an infinite geometric series is a positive integer, the common ratio is the reciprocal of a positive integer, and the sum of the series is 3, then the sum of the first two terms of the series is

- A $\frac{1}{3}$
- B $\frac{2}{3}$
- C $\frac{8}{3}$
- D 2
- E $\frac{9}{2}$

17. A man can commute either by train or by bus. If he goes to work on the train in the morning, he comes home on the bus in the afternoon; and if he comes home in the afternoon on the train, he took the bus in the morning. During a total of x working days, the man took the bus to work in the morning 8 times, came home by bus in the afternoon 15 times, and commuted by train (either morning or afternoon) 9 times. Find x .

- A 19
- B 18
- C 17
- D 16
- E not enough information given to solve the problem

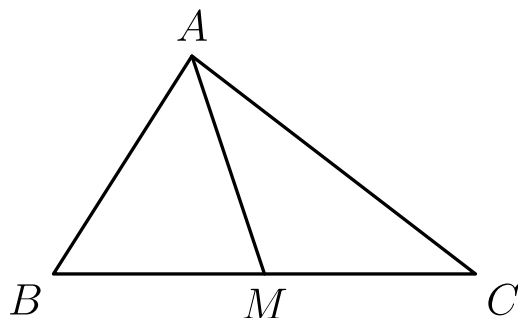
18. A positive integer N with three digits in its base ten representation is chosen at random, with each three-digit number having an equal chance of being chosen. The probability that $\log_2 N$ is an integer is

- A 0
- B $\frac{3}{899}$
- C $\frac{1}{225}$
- D $\frac{1}{300}$
- E $\frac{1}{450}$

19. Which positive numbers x satisfy the equation $(\log_3 x)(\log_x 5) = \log_3 5$?

- A 3 and 5 only
- B 3, 5 and 15 only
- C only numbers of the form $5^n \cdot 3^m$, where n and m are positive integers
- D all positive $x \neq 1$
- E none of these

20. In the adjoining figure triangle ABC is such that $AB = 4$ and $AC = 8$. If M is the midpoint of BC and $AM = 3$, what is the length of BC ?



- ☐ A $2\sqrt{26}$
- ☐ B $2\sqrt{31}$
- ☐ C 9
- ☐ D $4 + 2\sqrt{13}$
- ☐ E not enough information given to solve the problem

21. Suppose $f(x)$ is defined for all real numbers x ; $f(x) > 0$ for all x ; and $f(a)f(b) = f(a + b)$ for all a and b . Which of the following statements are true?

I. $f(0) = 1$

II. $f(-a) = \frac{1}{f(a)}$ for all a

III. $f(a) = \sqrt[3]{f(3a)}$ for all a

IV. $f(b) > f(a)$ if $b > a$

A III and IV only

B I, III and IV only

C I, II and IV only

D I, II and III only

E All are true.

22. If p and q are primes and $x^2 - px + q = 0$ has distinct positive integral roots, then which of the following statements are true?

I. The difference of the roots is odd.

II. At least one root is prime.

III. $p^2 - q$ is prime.

IV. $p + q$ is prime.

A I only

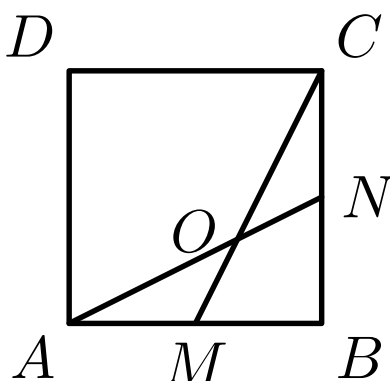
B II only

C II and III only

D I, II and IV only

E All are true.

23. In the adjoining figure AB and BC are adjacent sides of square $ABCD$; M is the midpoint of AB ; N is the midpoint of BC ; and AN and CM intersect at O . The ratio of the area of $A OCD$ to the area of $ABCD$ is



- A $\frac{5}{6}$
- B $\frac{3}{4}$
- C $\frac{2}{3}$
- D $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
- E $\frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{2}$
24. In triangle ABC , $\angle C = \theta$ and $\angle B = 2\theta$, where $0^\circ < \theta < 60^\circ$. The circle with center A and radius AB intersects AC at D and intersects BC , extended if necessary, at B and at E (E may coincide with B). Then $EC = AD$

- A for no values of θ
- B only if $\theta = 45^\circ$
- C only if $0^\circ < \theta \leq 45^\circ$
- D only if $45^\circ \leq \theta < 60^\circ$
- E for all θ such that $0^\circ < \theta < 60^\circ$

25. A woman, her brother, her son and her daughter are chess players (all relations by birth). The worst player's twin (who is one of the four players) and the best player are of opposite sex. The worst player and the best player are the same age. Who is the worst player?

A the woman

B her son

C her brother

D her daughter

E No solution is consistent with the given information.

26. In acute triangle ABC the bisector of $\angle A$ meets side BC at D . The circle with center B and radius BD intersects side AB at M ; and the circle with center C and radius CD intersects side AC at N . Then it is always true that

A $\angle CND + \angle BMD - \angle DAC = 120^\circ$

B $AMDN$ is a trapezoid

C BC is parallel to MN

D $AM - AN = \frac{3(DB-DC)}{2}$

E $AB - AC = \frac{3(DB-DC)}{2}$

27. If p, q , and r are distinct roots of $x^3 - x^2 + x - 2 = 0$, then $p^3 + q^3 + r^3$ equals

A -1

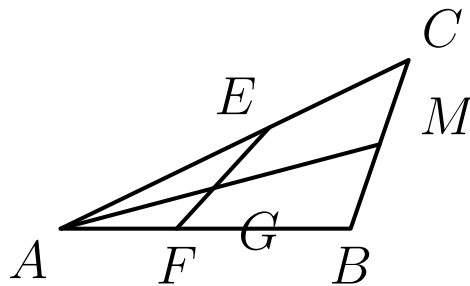
B 1

C 3

D 5

E none of these

28. In triangle ABC shown in the adjoining figure, M is the midpoint of side BC , $AB = 12$, and $AC = 16$. Points E and F are taken on AC and AB , respectively, and lines EF and AM intersect at G . If $AE = 2AF$, then $\frac{EG}{GF}$ equals



A $\frac{3}{2}$

B $\frac{4}{3}$

C $\frac{5}{4}$

D $\frac{6}{5}$

E not enough information given to solve the problem

29. What is the smallest integer larger than $(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2})^6$?

A 972

B 971

C 970

D 969

E 968

30. Let $x = \cos 36^\circ - \cos 72^\circ$. Then x equals

A $\frac{1}{3}$

B $\frac{1}{2}$

C $3 - \sqrt{6}$

D $2\sqrt{3} - 3$

E none of these

Solutions: <https://live.poshenloh.com/past-contests/amc12/1975/solutions>

